IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

LARRY REEVES,)
Plaintiff,) Civil Action File No.:
v.)
EGS FINANCIAL CARE, INC., PREVIOUSLY KNOWN AS NCO FINANCIAL SYSTEMS, INC.,) COMPLAINT WITH JURY TRIAL DEMAND
Defendant.)) _)

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This action for damages is based on Defendant's frequent and unauthorized calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone to collect a purported consumer debt. Plaintiff seeks monetary relief based on Defendant's violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq., and the Georgia Fair Business Practices Act ("GFBPA"), O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393, et seq.

PARTIES

Plaintiff, Larry Reeves, is a natural person who resides in Fulton County,
 Georgia.

- 2. Defendant, EGS Financial Care, Inc., previously known as NCO Financial Systems, Inc., is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania and registered to do business in the State of Georgia. Defendant may be served with process via its registered agent, C T Corporation System, at 1201 Peachtree Street NE, Suite 1240, Atlanta, Georgia 30361.
- 3. At all relevant times hereto, Defendant acted through its agents, employees, officers, members, directors, and/or representatives.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has federal question jurisdiction over Plaintiff's TCPA claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3). *See Mims v. Arrow Fin. Serv., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740, 753 (2012) (holding federal district courts have federal question jurisdiction over TCPA claims). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because, *inter alia*, Defendant frequently and routinely conducts business in the State of Georgia, including the conduct complained of herein.

6. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, venue is proper in the Northern District of Georgia because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district. Pursuant to LR 3.1B(3), NDGa, venue is proper in the Atlanta Division because the conduct complained of herein occurred in Fulton County, which is in the Atlanta Division.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 7. Plaintiff is the subscriber for the cellular telephone with the number 404-***-5655 (the "Cell Phone").
- 8. In or about September, 2014, Plaintiff began receiving calls on his Cell Phone from Defendant seeking to collect a debt allegedly owed by Plaintiff.
- 9. Defendant's calls to Plaintiff were made from phone numbers 301-223-0072, 313-444-2971, 410-881-5532, 612-844-0919, 703-656-9963, 804-952-9946, 877-278-5297, 951-289-4371, and 972-217-8339.
- 10. The phone numbers set forth in Enumeration 9 above are utilized by or under the control of Defendant.
- 11. Since September, 2014, Plaintiff has received at least two-hundred-ninety (290) similar calls from Defendant.

- 12. When he answered calls from Defendant, he heard pauses and/or clicks and a delay at the beginning of the calls.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendant used an autodialer and/or predictive dialing equipment to make its calls to Plaintiff.
- 14. Plaintiff never provided consent for Defendant to call him on his Cell Phone.
- 15. On several occasions since September 3, 2014 Plaintiff has revoked any consent Defendant may have had by requesting that it stop calling.
- 16. On many occasions since September 3, 2014 Plaintiff attempted to revoke consent via the recording and hold procedures utilized by Defendant's calling system.
- 17. On many occasions Since September 3, 2014 Plaintiff answered calls placed by the Defendant only to hear "dead air" prior to Defendant hanging up.
- 18. Subsequent to his revocation of consent, Plaintiff did not provide additional consent for Defendant to contact him.
 - 19. Defendant's calls to Plaintiff had no emergency purpose.

- 20. Rather, Defendant advised Plaintiff that its calls were for the purpose of debt collection.
- 21. Defendant used multiple outgoing phone numbers to contact Plaintiff, making it impossible for Plaintiff to block and/or avoid the calls. Moreover, Plaintiff was unable to avoid or escape Defendant's repetitive calls. Even attempts to "block" the calls still resulted in brief "rings" and other alerts to Plaintiff's Cell Phone.
- 22. Once Defendant knew that Plaintiff did not wish to be called, there was no purpose for placing additional calls to his Cell Phone other than to annoy, abuse, or otherwise harass Plaintiff.
- 23. Defendant's practice of calling the Plaintiff multiple times per day only to hang up when its call was answered was intended to annoy and harass the Plaintiff.
- 24. Plaintiff carries his cell phone at most times to be accessible to his family, friends, and work-place. Calls from Defendant have interrupted and interfered with Plaintiff's daily life, including activities of daily living, interactions with family and friends, and work activity.
- 25. Defendant's campaign of harassing phone calls has caused Plaintiff actual damages, including, but not limited to, the consumption of "minutes" as

contemplated in his cellular service plan that has the end result of Plaintiff paying for the calls initiated by Defendant, depletion of Plaintiff's battery life resulting in diminished preferred usage by the Plaintiff and expenses associated with seeking to enforce Defendant's compliance with the law.

- 26. Defendant's repeated calls per day since September 2014 interfered with Plaintiff's work activity and time ordinarily devoted to family and other personal activities.
- 27. Defendant's unrelenting calls caused the Plaintiff significant anger, anxiety and frustration and detrimentally affected work activity and Plaintiff's interaction with family and friends.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227

28. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 27 as though fully stated herein.

- 29. Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii) by making repeated phone calls to Plaintiff's Cell Phone, without permission or emergency purpose, and using an autodialer and/or predictive dialing equipment.
- 30. As a result of Defendant's violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii), Plaintiff is entitled to recover a minimum of \$500.00 for each call in violation of the TCPA pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- 31. Defendant knew that it did not have Plaintiff's consent to receive its calls at all. Its repeated calls were, therefore, knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA.
- 32. Accordingly, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C), Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA entitles Plaintiff to triple the amount of damages to which Plaintiff is otherwise entitled under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).

COUNT II

VIOLATIONS OF THE GEORGIA FAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES ACT O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a)

- 33. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 27 as though fully stated herein.
 - 34. O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a) broadly prohibits unfair business practices.

- 35. It was unfair for Defendant to call Plaintiff's Cell Phone repeatedly, without consent.
- 36. It was unfair for Defendant to repeatedly call Plaintiff's Cell Phone in a single day as an attempt to collect a debt only to hang up once Plaintiff answered.
- 37. Defendant's actions have interfered with Plaintiff's daily life in a manner that he did not invite, disclaimed, and could not reasonably escape.
 - 38. As pled above, Plaintiff was harmed by Defendant's unfair conduct.
- 39. Upon information and belief, Defendant regularly uses repeated, unauthorized calls to consumers in its debt collection efforts.
- 40. Upon information and belief, repeated and unauthorized calls to consumers are Defendant's *modus operandi* for debt collection and are done on a wide scale.
 - 41. Defendant's conduct amounts to an unfair business practice.
- 42. Defendant's conduct has implications for the consuming public in general and potential negative impact on the consumer marketplace.

- 43. On May 31, 2016, Plaintiff caused to be sent a written demand for relief to Defendant in accordance with O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(b), with the United States Postal Service, tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0132 8833 49.
- 44. Plaintiff's written demand was delivered to Defendant on June 6, 2016.

 As of the date of this filing, Defendant has not responded.
- 45. As a result of Defendant's violations of O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a), Plaintiff is entitled to recover general damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(a).
- 46. As a result of Defendant's willful and wanton violations of O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a), Plaintiff is entitled to recover exemplary damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(a).
- 47. Defendant's actions were intentional, rendering it liable for treble damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(c).
- 48. Plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(d).
- 49. Furthermore, because Defendant has acted in bad faith, been stubbornly litigious, and/or caused Plaintiff unnecessary trouble and expense, Plaintiff is also

entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 13-6-11.

TRIAL BY JURY

Plaintiff requests that his claims be heard by a jury.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant for:

- a.) Damages of at least \$500.00 per phone call and treble damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §§ 227(b)(3)(B) & (C);
- b.) Actual damages;
- c.) General, exemplary, and treble damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. §§ 10-1-399(a) & (c);
- d.) Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to O.C.G.A. §§ 10-1-399(d) and/or 13-6-11; and
- e.) Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Respectfully submitted, this 26th day of September, 2016.

BERRY & ASSOCIATES

/s/ Matthew T. Berry
Matthew T. Berry

Georgia Bar No.: 055663

matt@mattbery.com

Adam Klein
Georgia Bar No.: 425032

aklein@mattberry.com

2751 Buford Highway, Suite 600

Atlanta, GA 30324

Ph. (404) 235-3300

Fax (404) 235-3333

Plaintiff's Attorneys